

Ruby On Rails

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Today

- * Ruby on Rails introduction
- * Run Enviornments
- * MVC
- * A little Ruby
- * Exercises

Installation

- * Mac OS X 10.5 will include Rails
- * Mac OS X 10.4 includes Ruby
 - * Most people reinstall it anyway
- * From scratch
- * Drag and drop Locomotive

Databases

* Mysql

* SQLite

* PostgreSQL

* DB2

* Oracle

* Firebird

* SQL Server

* more

Webservers

- * Apache w/ FastCGI or Mongrel
- * LightTPD
- * WEBrick

"IDE's"

- * TextMate and Terminal (preferred)
- * RadRails (Eclipse)
- * jEdit
- * Komodo
- * Arachno Ruby
- * NetBeans IDE

Run Environments

- * Production
- * Development
- * Testing

Run Environments

- * Production
 - * Cached
 - * Freeze Rails
 - * Ship Rails with your app
 - * etc

Run Environments

- * Development
 - * Reloads source files every time
 - * Scaffold

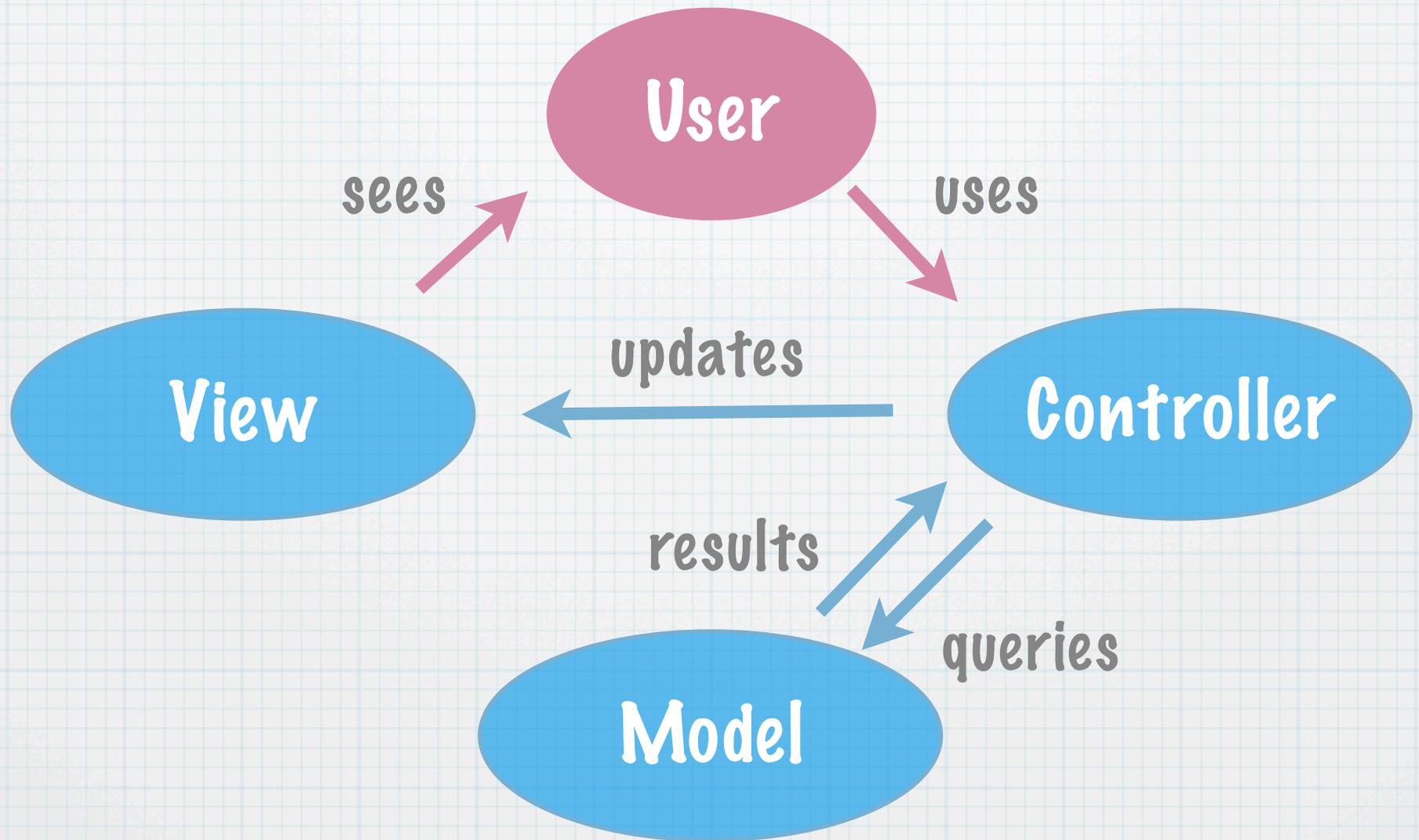
Run Environments

- * Testing
 - * Connect debugger to running webapp
 - * Stop at breakpoints
 - * Unit testing
 - * Integration testing
 - * Functional testing
 - * DB is reloaded w/ each test
 - * Mock and stub code

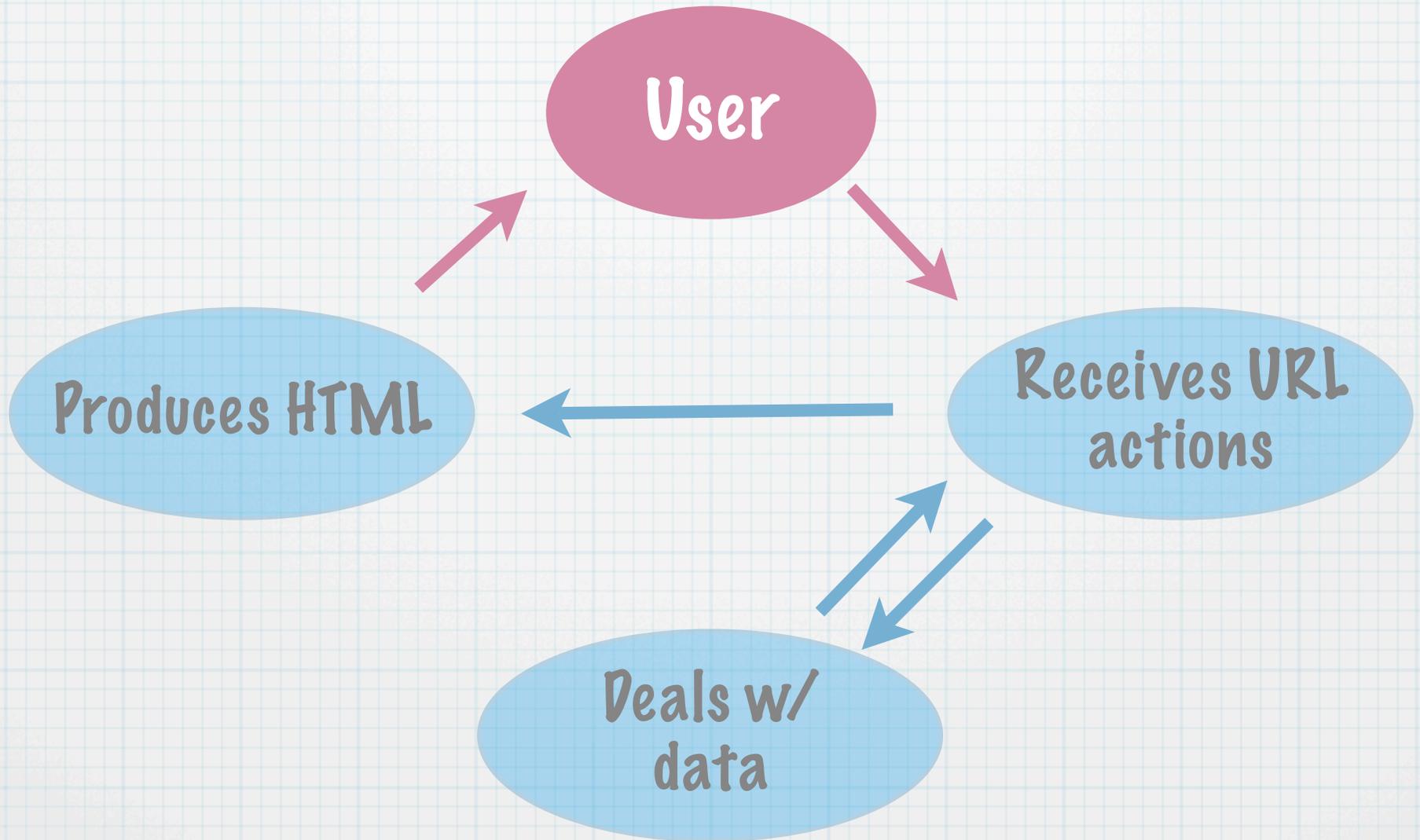
MVC

- * First Described in 1979
- * Totally ignored in web dev
 - * Except
 - * WebObjects
 - * Struts
 - * JavaServer Faces

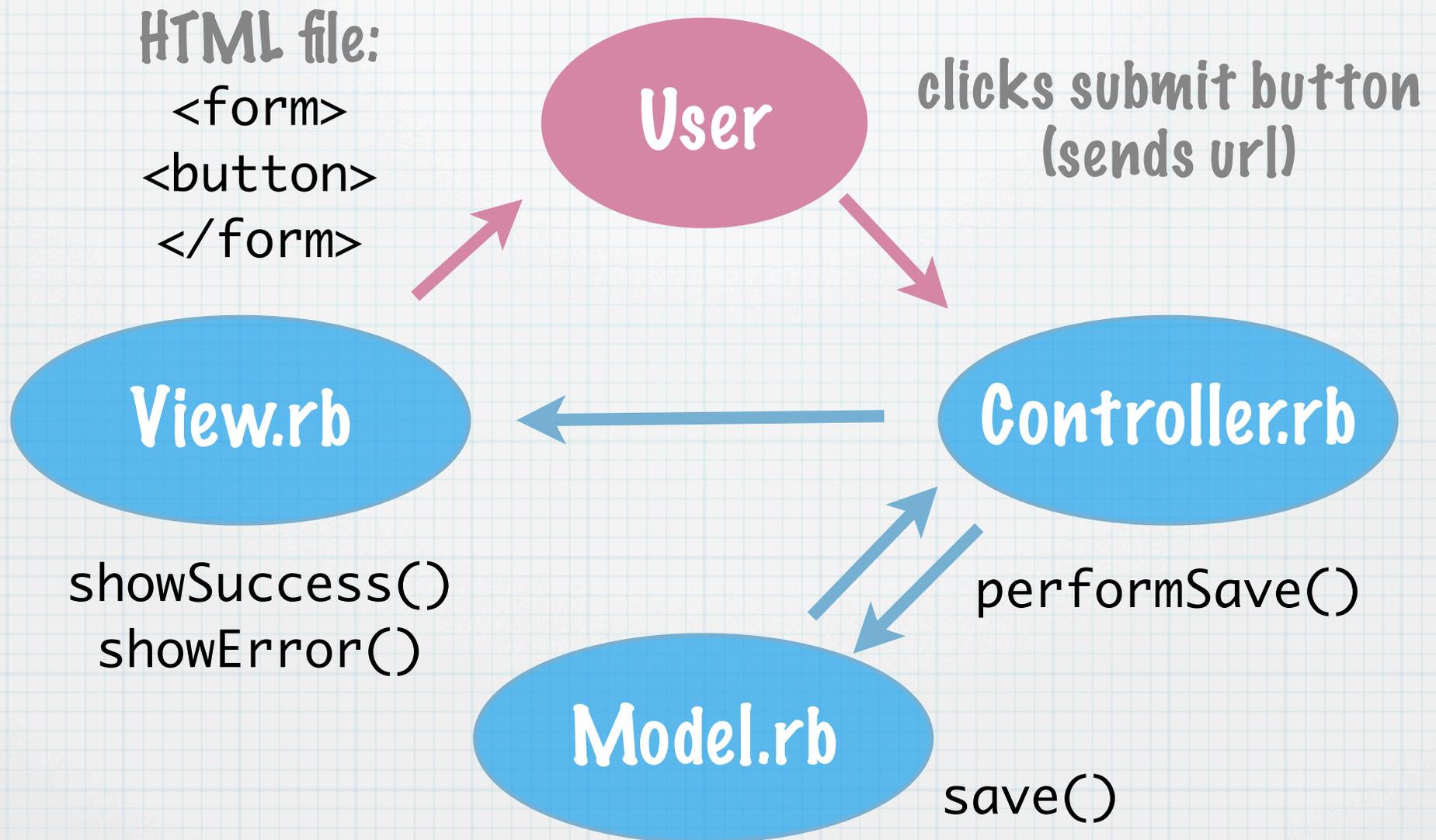
Model-View-Controller



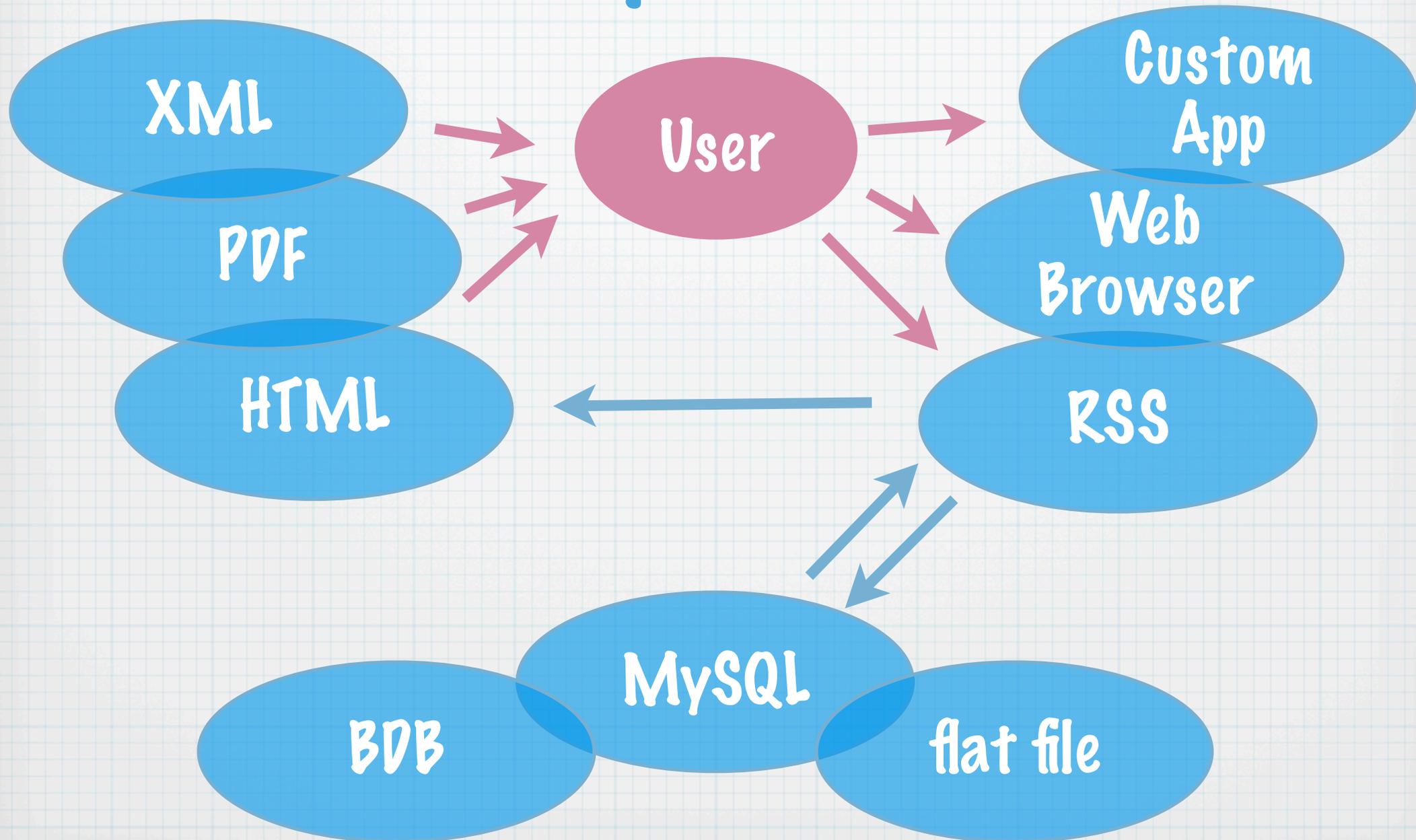
How it works



How it works



Why use it?



Controllers

- * Friendly urls

- * NO: <http://example.com/?node=34>

- * Yes: <http://example.com/blog/view/34>

- * Customizing URL's easy

- * `config/routes.rb`

Controllers

- * Default URL mapping
- * <http://example.com/blog/view/34>
 - * controller = blog
 - * action = view
 - * id = 34

Views

- * Can create html, xml, and js
- * Easy handling of params, flash, cookies, etc
- * Ajax built in and dumb simple

Views - RHTML

- * Mixing up `<% ... %>` and `<%= ... %>` is a HUGE source of bugs
- * Be sure to put spaces around the tags
 - * Not required, but is easier to read IMO

A little Ruby

- * Symbols
- * Default parameter values
- * Named parameters

Symbols

```
moods = { 'angry' => 'red',  
         'sick'  => 'green',  
         'sad'   => 'blue' }
```

```
puts "I'm feeling " + moods['sick']
```

```
moods = { :royal    => 'purple',  
         :angelic => 'white',  
         :guilty  => 'black' }
```

```
puts "I'm feeling " + moods[:royal]
```

Named parameters

```
def printParams lotsaParams = {}  
  if lotsaParams[:one]  
    puts lotsaParams[:one]  
  end  
  if lotsaParams[:two]  
    puts lotsaParams[:two]  
  end  
end  
printParams :one => '1', :two => '2'  
printParams :two => '2', :one => '1'
```

Common Errors!

- * Do not press return before "=>"

- * Wrong:

```
printParams :one
```

```
=> '1', :two => '2'
```

- * Missing or misplaced ":" causes errors!

- * Wrong: printParams one => '1', : two => '2'

- * Right: printParams :one => '1', :two => '2'

- * Space or return between hash/array and [...]

- * Wrong: mood`s` [:royal] Right: mood`s`[:royal]

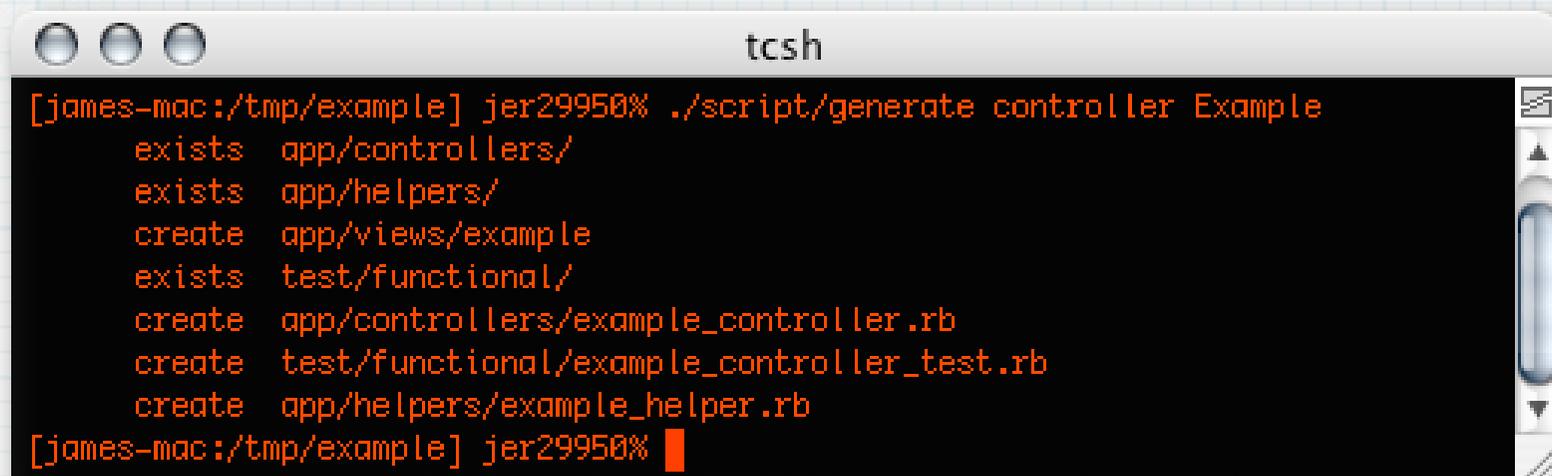
Try it ourselves

- * Make a webapp that says "Hello World" on the index page
- * Create the app (in Locomotive)



Hello World

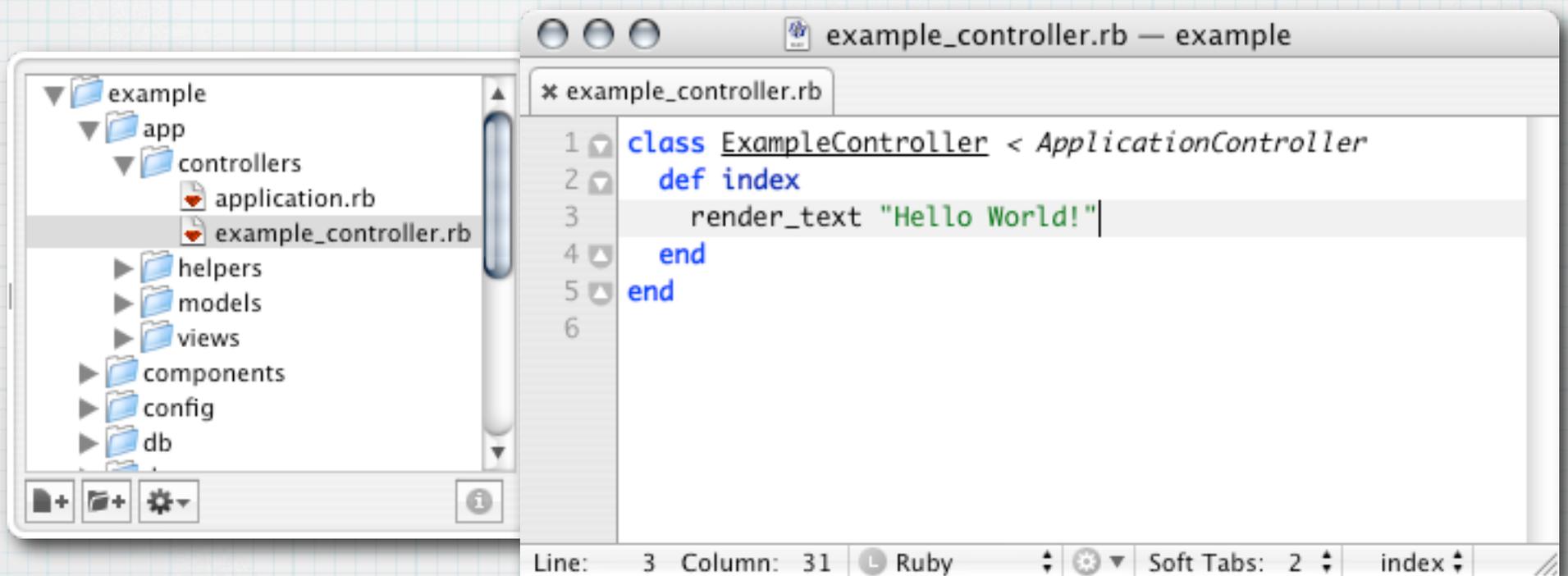
- * Create the controller (in Terminal)



```
tcsh
[james-mac:/tmp/example] jer29950% ./script/generate controller Example
exists app/controllers/
exists app/helpers/
create app/views/example
exists test/functional/
create app/controllers/example_controller.rb
create test/functional/example_controller_test.rb
create app/helpers/example_helper.rb
[james-mac:/tmp/example] jer29950% █
```

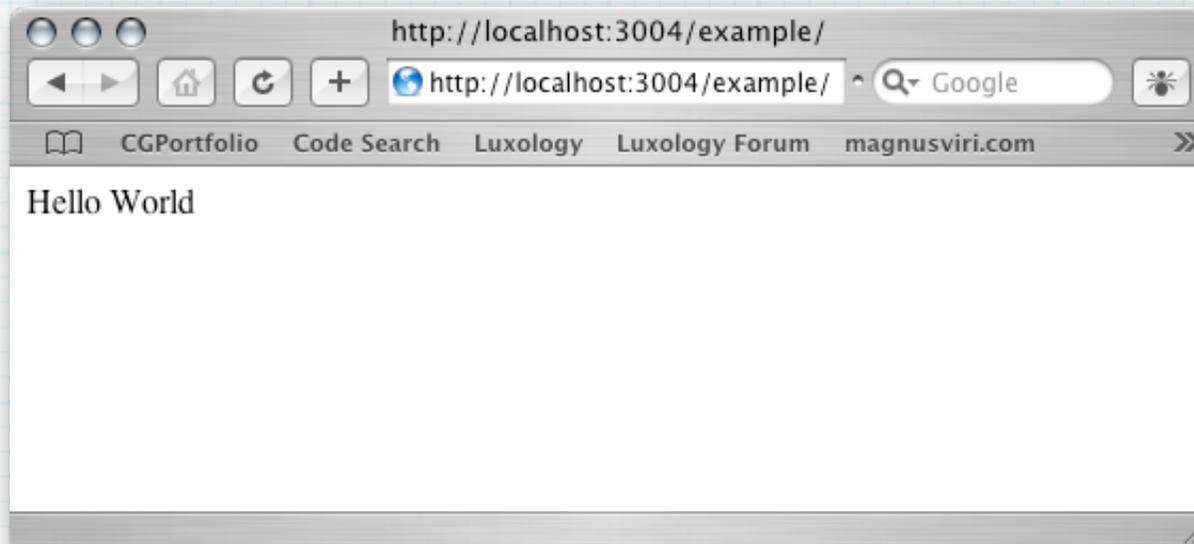
Hello World

- * Open the file "example_controller.rb" (in TextMate)
- * Create the index method



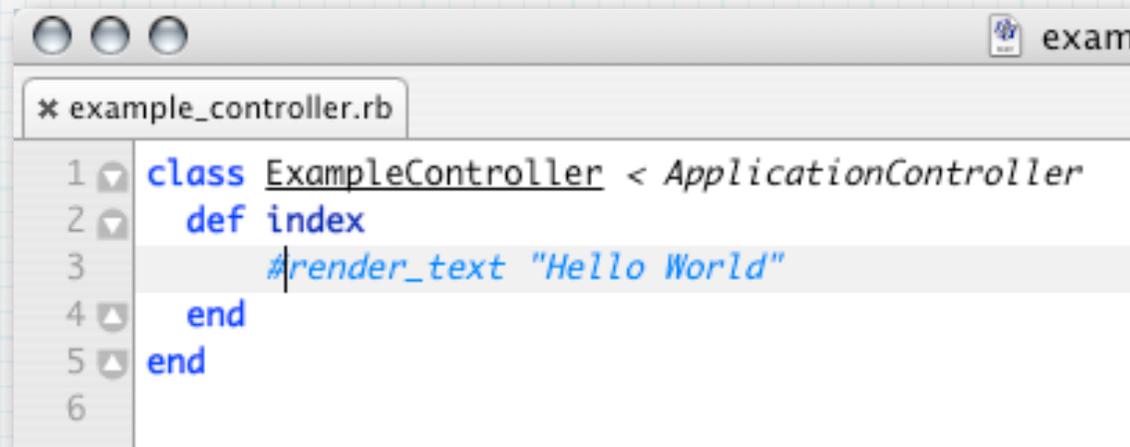
Hello World

* View in web browser!



Hello World via template

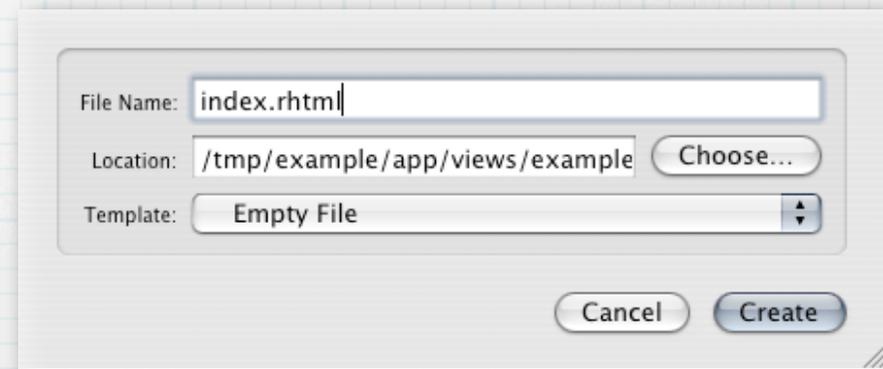
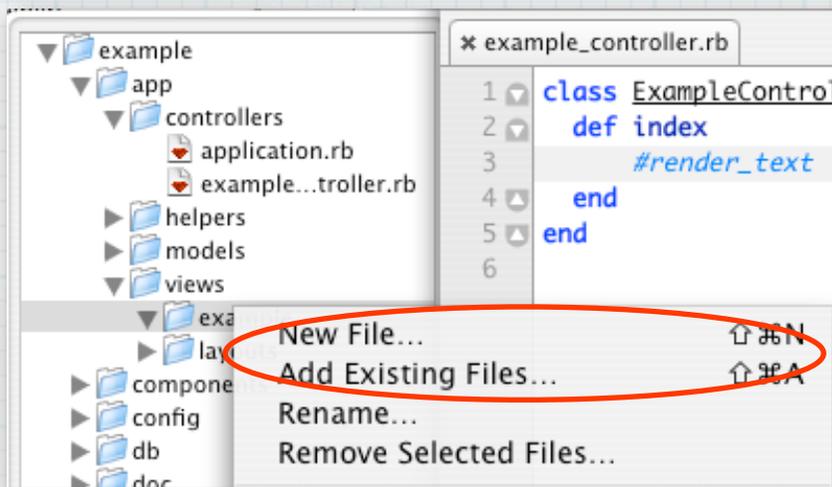
* Comment out "render_text" line



```
1 class ExampleController < ApplicationController
2   def index
3     #render_text "Hello World"
4   end
5 end
6
```

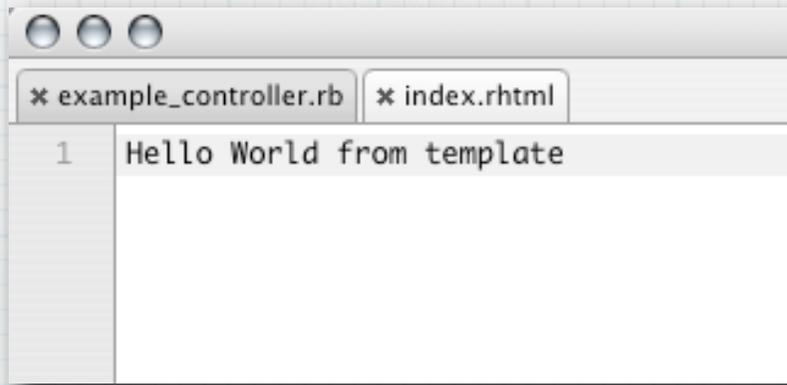
Hello World via template

- * Create new view file "index.rhtml"
- * Right click on "views/example" dir

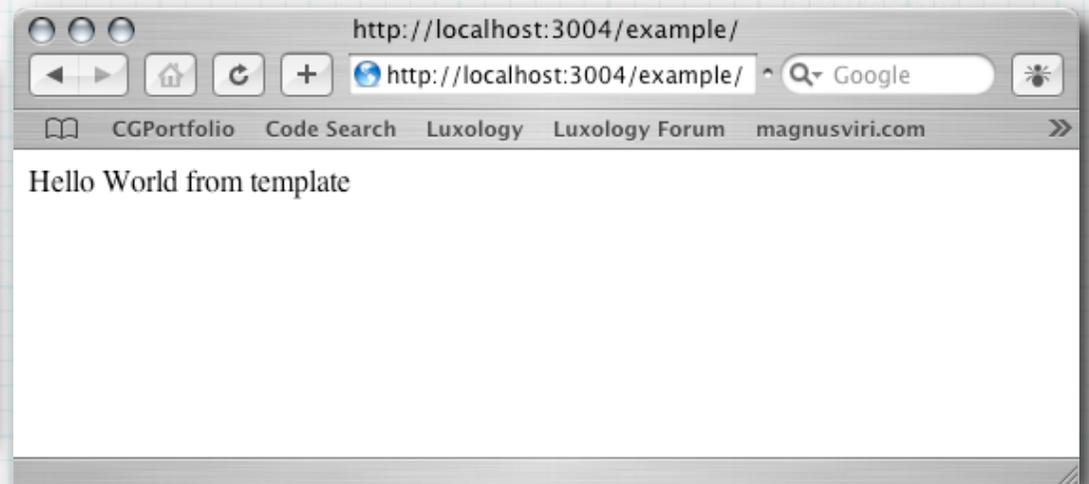


Hello World via template

- * Insert HTML into "index.rhtml"
- * Preview in browser



```
example_controller.rb  index.rhtml
1 Hello World from template
```



Request Params

- * Print out the request params
- * Add this to index.rhtml
- * Pay attention to `<%` vs `<%=`

```
<% params.each_pair do |key,value| %>
```

```
  <%= key.to_s %> => <%= value.to_s %><br/>
```

```
<% end %>
```

Try it ourselves

- * Print out the request params
- * It looks like this
 - * (action & controller always sent as params)

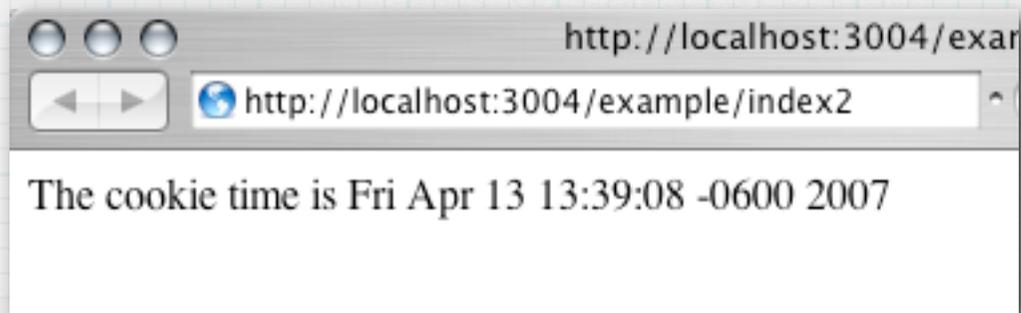


Cookies

* Change `index_controller.rb` to this:

```
class ExampleController < ApplicationController
  def index
    cookies[:the_time] = Time.now.to_s
    redirect_to :action => :index2
  end

  def index2
    render(:text => "The cookie time is #{cookies[:the_time]}")
  end
end
```



Make a Session

* Put this in `example_controller.rb`

```
class ExampleController < ApplicationController
  def index
    session[:counter] ||= 0
    session[:counter] += 1
  end
  def reset_counter
    session[:counter] = 0
    redirect_to :action => :index
  end
end
```

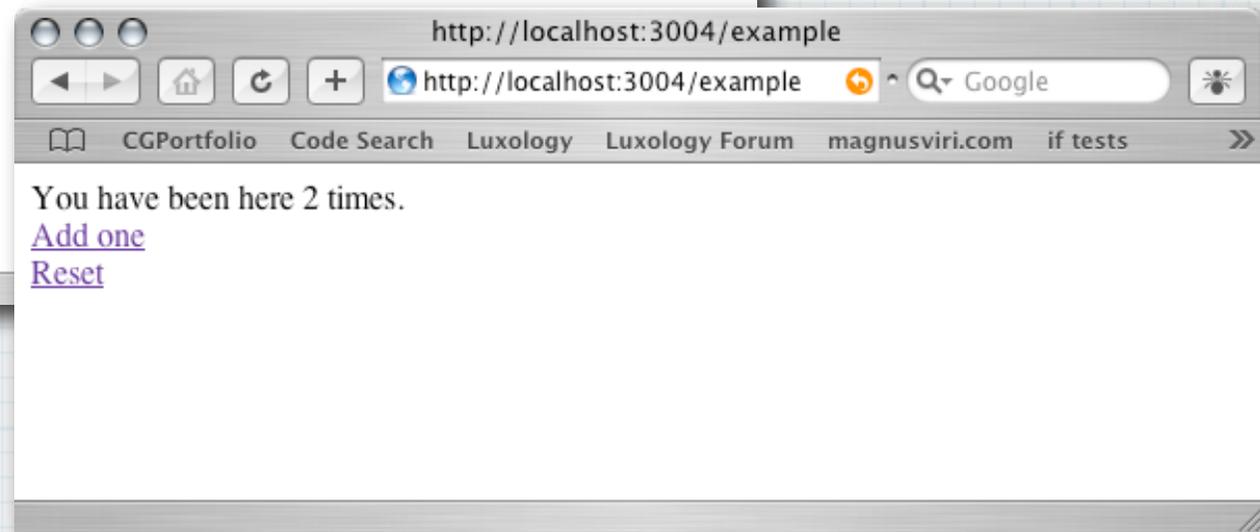
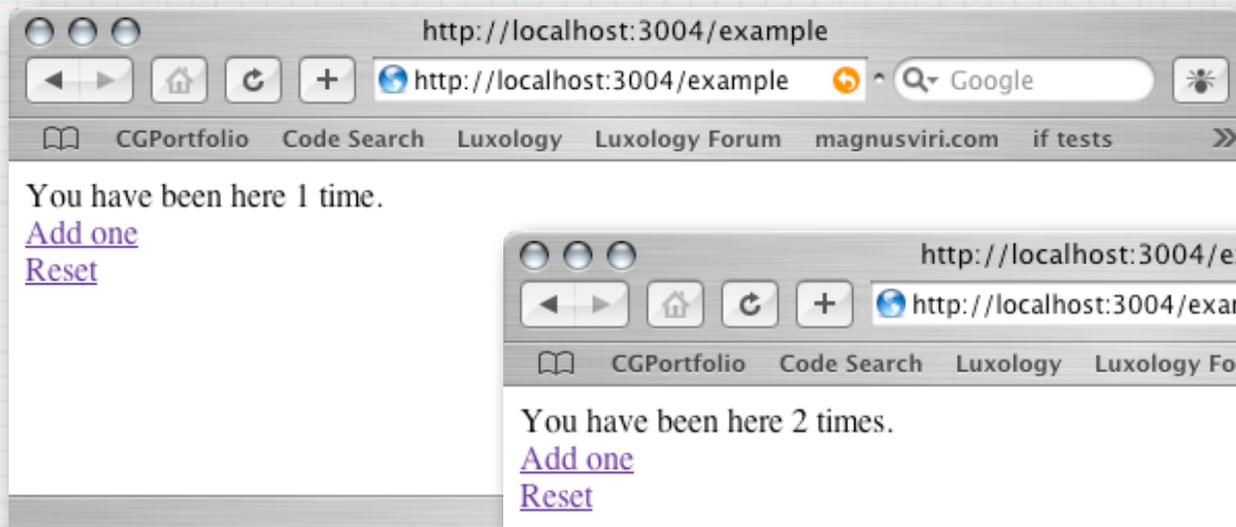
Make a Session

* Put this in index.rhtml

```
You have been here <%= session[:counter];  
pluralize(session[:counter], "time") %>.  
<br>  
<%= link_to "Add one", :action=>:index %>  
<br>  
<%= link_to "Reset", :action=>:reset_counter %>
```

Make a Session

* Should look like this



Flash Message

* Put this in `example_controller.rb`

```
class ExampleController < ApplicationController
  def peek
    flash[:notice] = "A BOO!"
    redirect_to :action => :index
  end
end
```

Flash Message

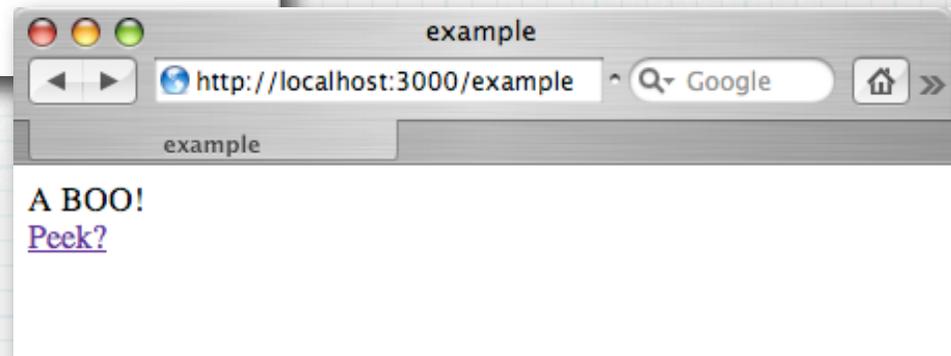
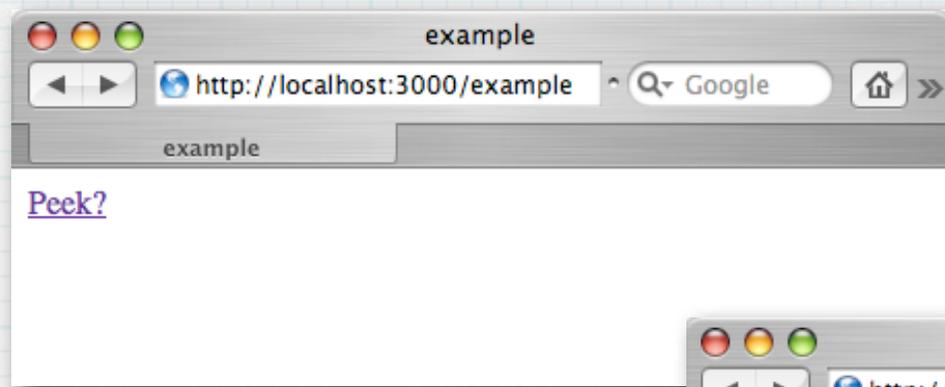
* Put this in index.rhtml

```
<% if flash[:notice] -%>  
<div id="notice"><%= flash[:notice] %></div>  
<% end -%>
```

```
<%= link_to "Peek?", :action => :peek %>
```

Flash Message

* Should look like this



Use Layout

- * Look at web browser source code
- * No `<head>` or `<body>` tags



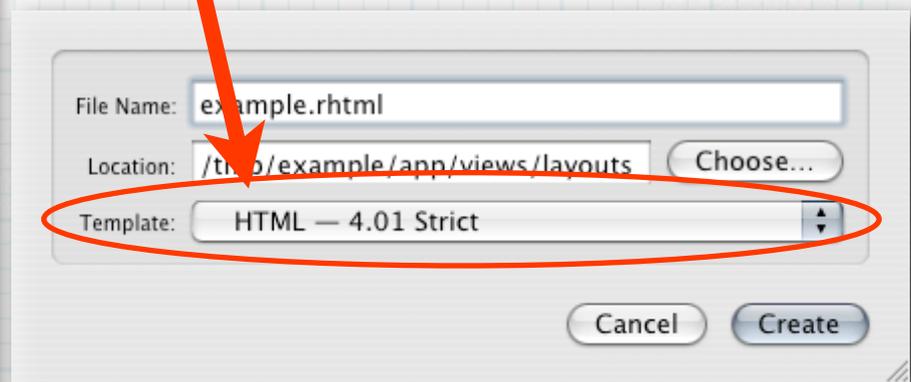
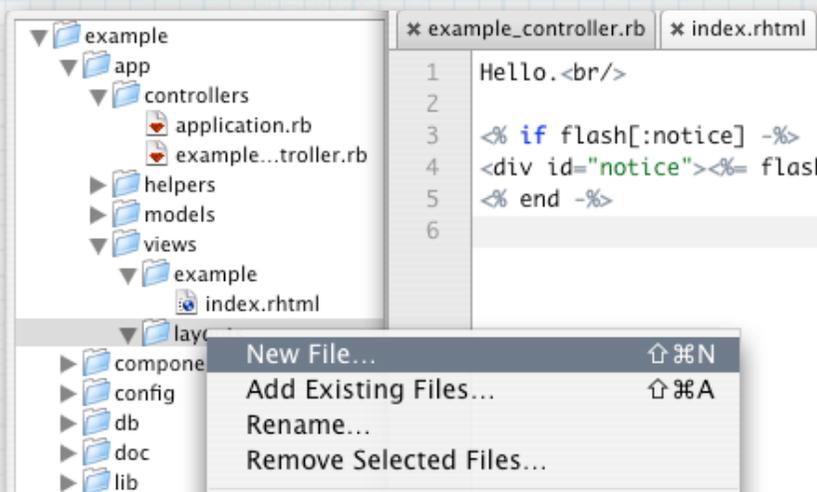
A screenshot of a web browser's source code view. The window title is "Source of http://localhost:3000/example". The code displayed is:

```
<div id="notice">A BOO!</div>

<a href="/example/peek">Peek?</a>
```

Use Layout

- * Create new file "example.rhtml" in "layouts"
- * Be sure to use HTML template



Use Layout

- * Cut the flash code out of index.rhtml
- * This is all that is left:

```
<%= link_to "Peek?", :action => :peek %>
```

Use Layout

- * Add code inside of example.rhtml's `<body>`
- * Yield must have `<%= !!!`
- * The `-` in `-%>` will remove the next `\n`

```
...
</head>
<body>
  <% if flash[:notice] -%>
    <div id="notice"><%= flash[:notice] %></div>
  <% end -%>
  <%= yield %>
</body>
</html>
```

Use Layout

- * Should behave the same, except the source code!

A screenshot of a code editor window titled "Source of http://localhost:3000/example". The window contains HTML source code for a page. The code includes a DOCTYPE declaration, an HTML lang attribute, a head section with meta tags for content type, title, generator, and author, and a body section with a notice div and a link.

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.0 Transitional//EN">

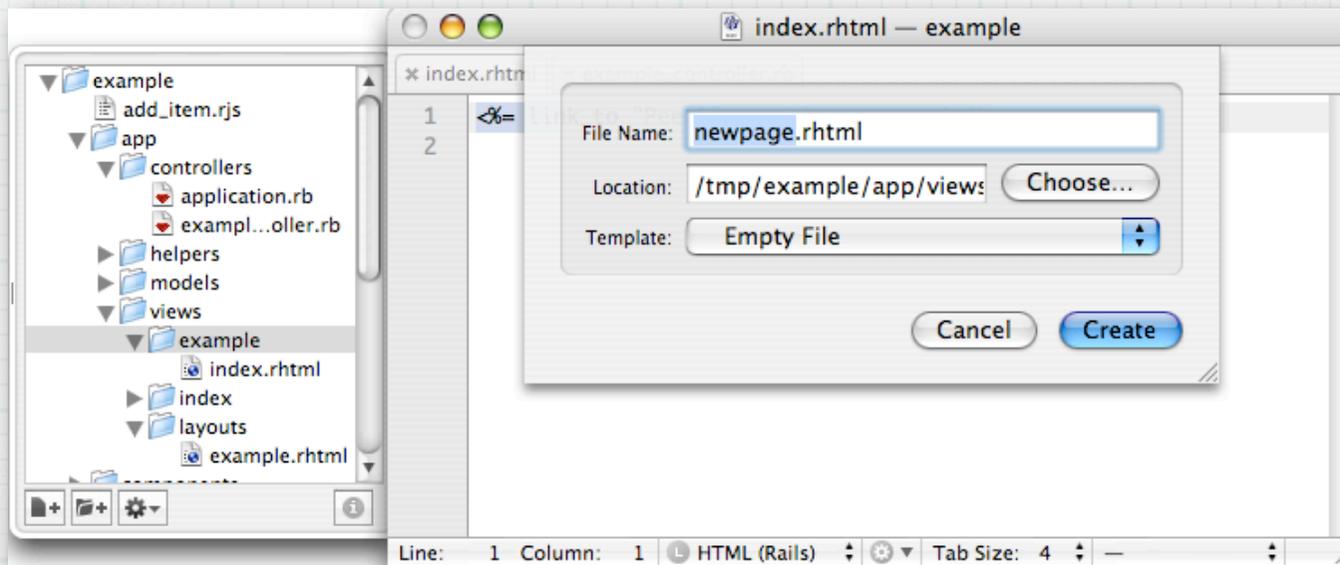
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8">
  <title>example</title>
  <meta name="generator" content="TextMate http://macromates.com/">
  <meta name="author" content="">
  <!-- Date: 2007-04-13 -->
</head>
<body>
  <div id="notice">A BOO!</div>
  <a href="/example/peek">Peek?</a>
</body>
</html>
```

Use Layout

- * ALL pages will show `flash[:notice]`
- * Verify by adding a new page and change `redirect_to :action => :index`

To:

- * `redirect_to :action => :newpage`



Save Form w/ Session

* Put in `example_controller.rb`

```
class ExampleController < ApplicationController
  def index
    session[:comment_list] ||= [ "Original item." ]
  end
  def add_item
    session[:comment_list].push params[:newitem]
    redirect_to( :action => :index )
  end
end
```

Save Form w/ Session

* Put in index.rhtml

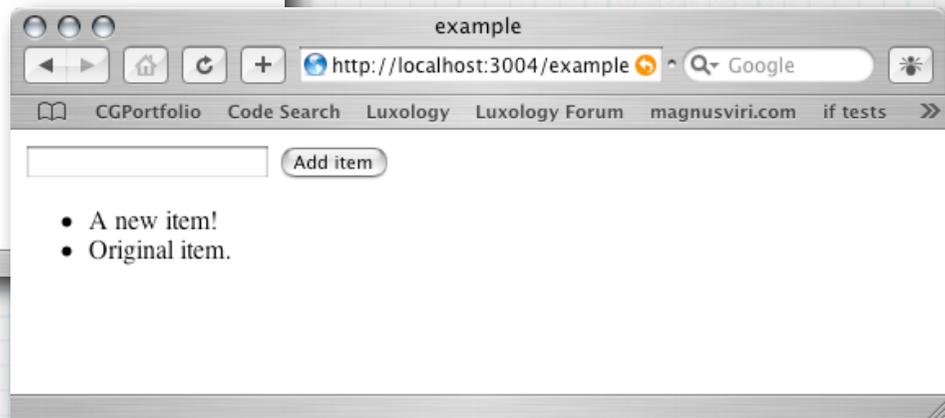
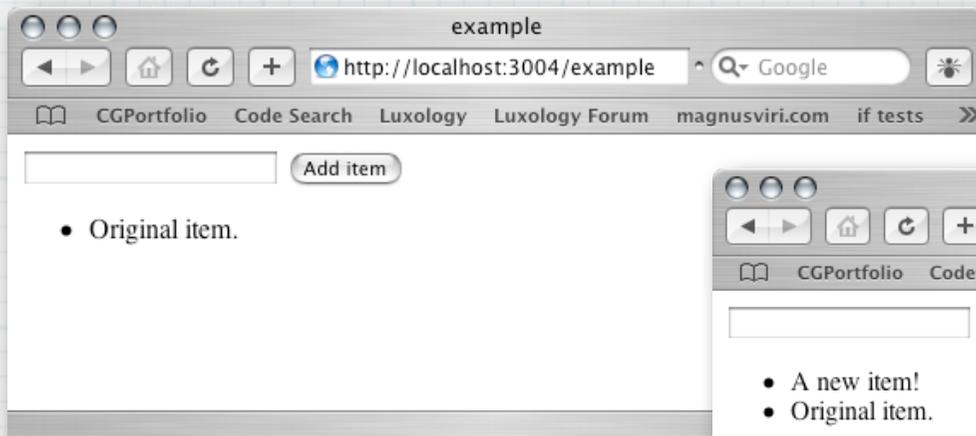
```
<% form_tag( :action => :add_item ) do %>
  <%= text_field_tag :newitem %>
  <%= submit_tag "Add item" %>
<% end %>
```

```
<ul id="my_list">
  <% session[:comment_list].reverse.each do |line| -%>
    <li><%= line -%></li>
  <% end -%>
</ul>
```

Save Form w/ Session

* Should look like this

* If it isn't, make sure your `<%=` is not `<%`



Convert to AJAX

* Change example_controller.rb

```
class ExampleController < ApplicationController
  def index
    session[:comment_list] ||= [ "Original item." ]
  end
  def add_item
    session[:comment_list].push params[:newitem]
    render_text "<li>#{params[:newitem]}</li>"
  end
end
```

Convert to AJAX

* Change index.rhtml

```
<%= javascript_include_tag :defaults %>
<% form_remote_tag( :update => "my_list", :url => { :action =>
  :add_item }, :position => "top" ) do %>
  <%= text_field_tag :newitem %>
  <%= submit_tag "Add item" %>
<% end %>

<ul id="my_list">
  <% session[:comment_list].reverse.each do |line| -%>
    <li><%= line -%></li>
  <% end -%>
</ul>
```

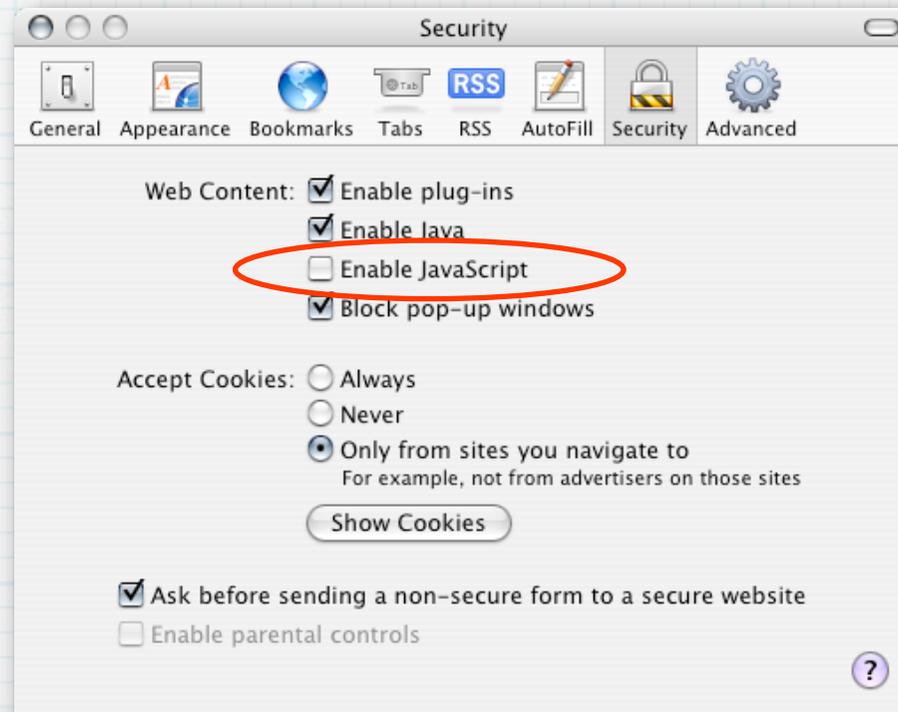
Convert to AJAX

- * How do you know it is AJAX?
- * The text field didn't go blank!



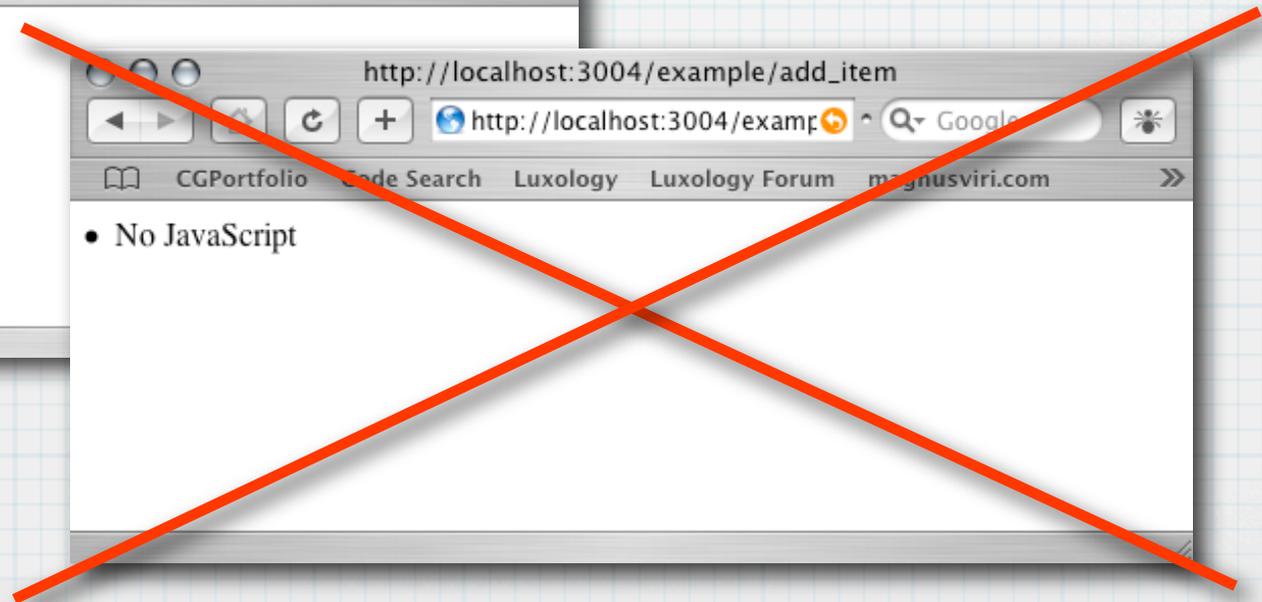
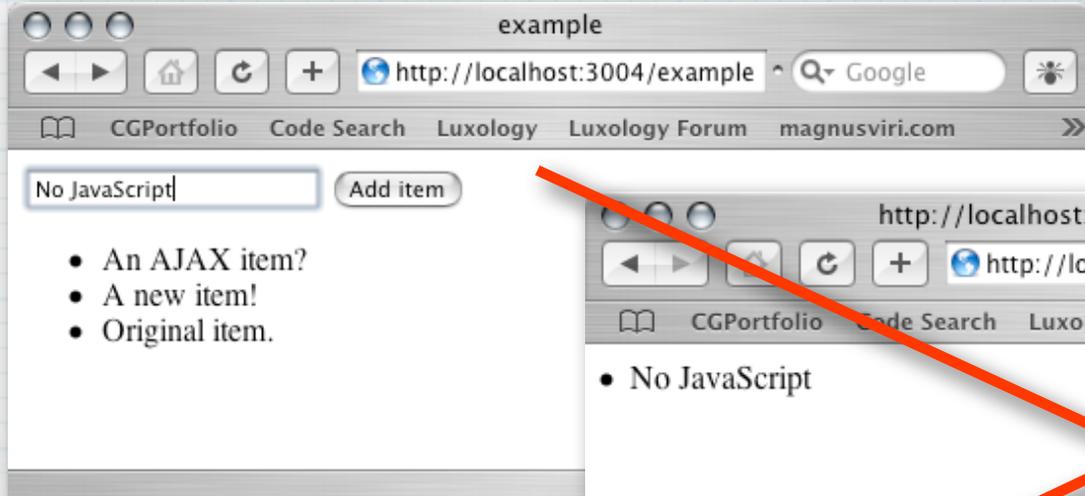
No JavaScript

* What happens if JavaScript is off?



No JavaScript

* That is unacceptable!



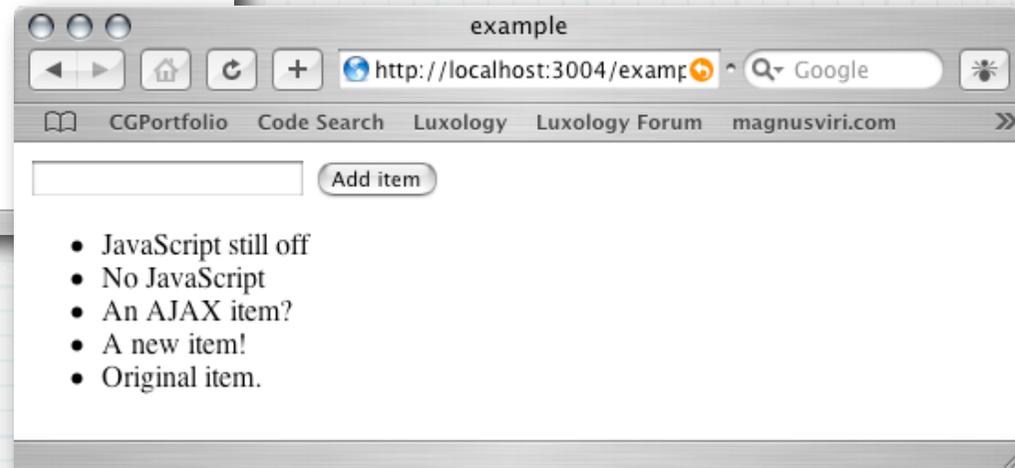
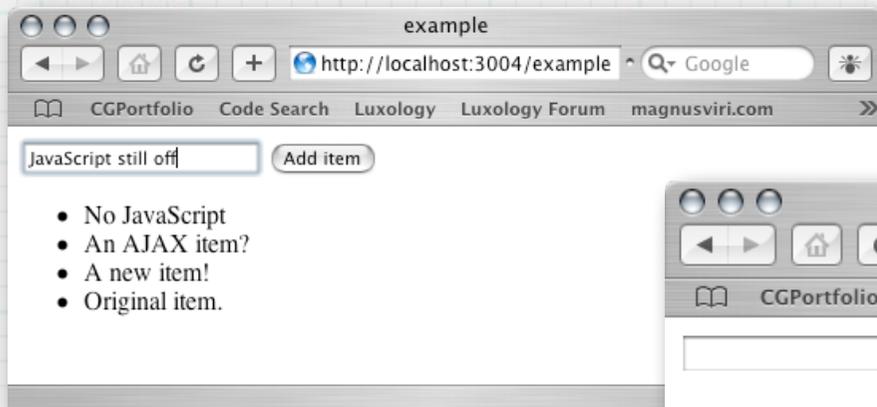
No JavaScript

* Change example_controller.rb

```
class ExampleController < ApplicationController
  def index
    session[:comment_list] ||= [ "Original item." ]
  end
  def add_item
    session[:comment_list].push params[:newitem]
    if request.xhr?
      render_text "<li>#{params[:newitem]}</li>"
    else
      redirect_to( :action => :index )
    end
  end
end
end
```

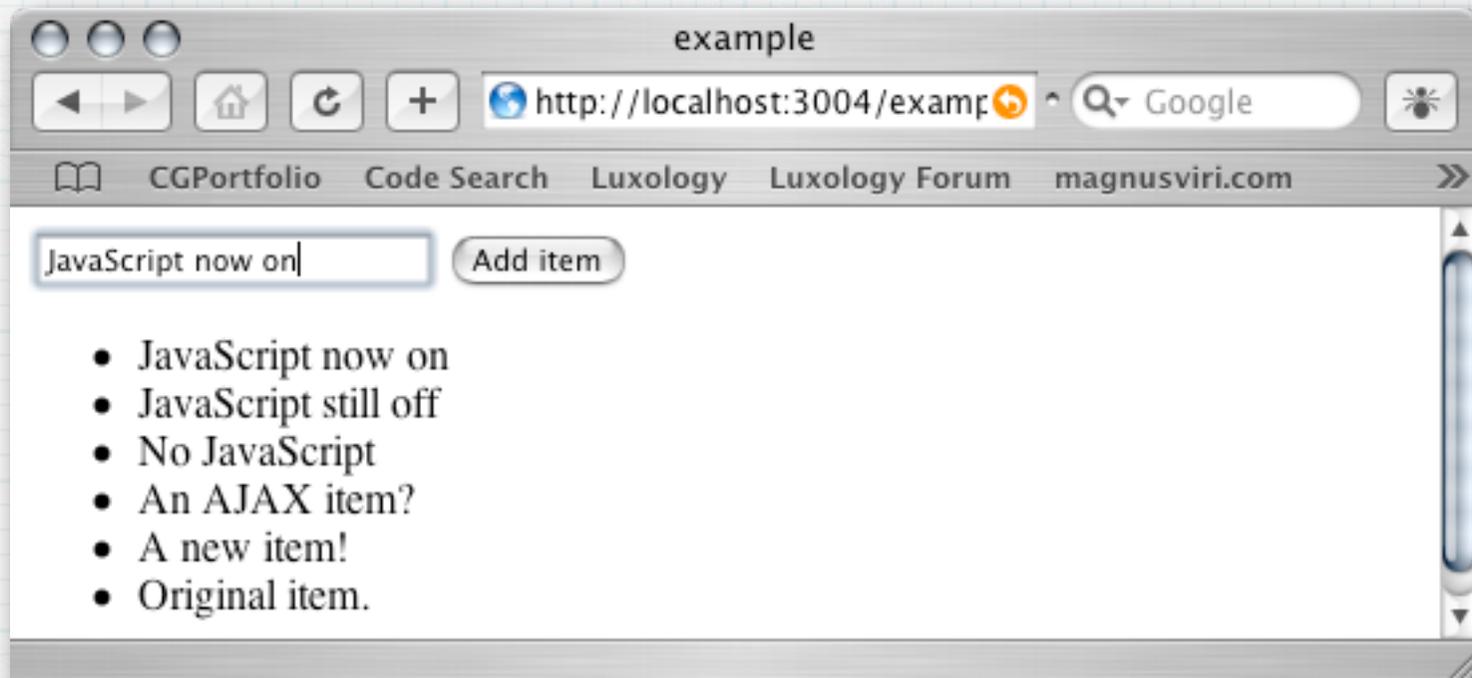
No JavaScript

* JavaScript off now works!



No JavaScript

* JavaScript on still uses AJAX!



Use RJS file

* Change example_controller.rb

```
class ExampleController < ApplicationController
  def index
    session[:comment_list] ||= [ "Original item." ]
  end
  def add_item
    session[:comment_list].push params[:newitem]
    redirect_to( :action => :index ) unless request.xhr?
  end
end
```

Use RJS file

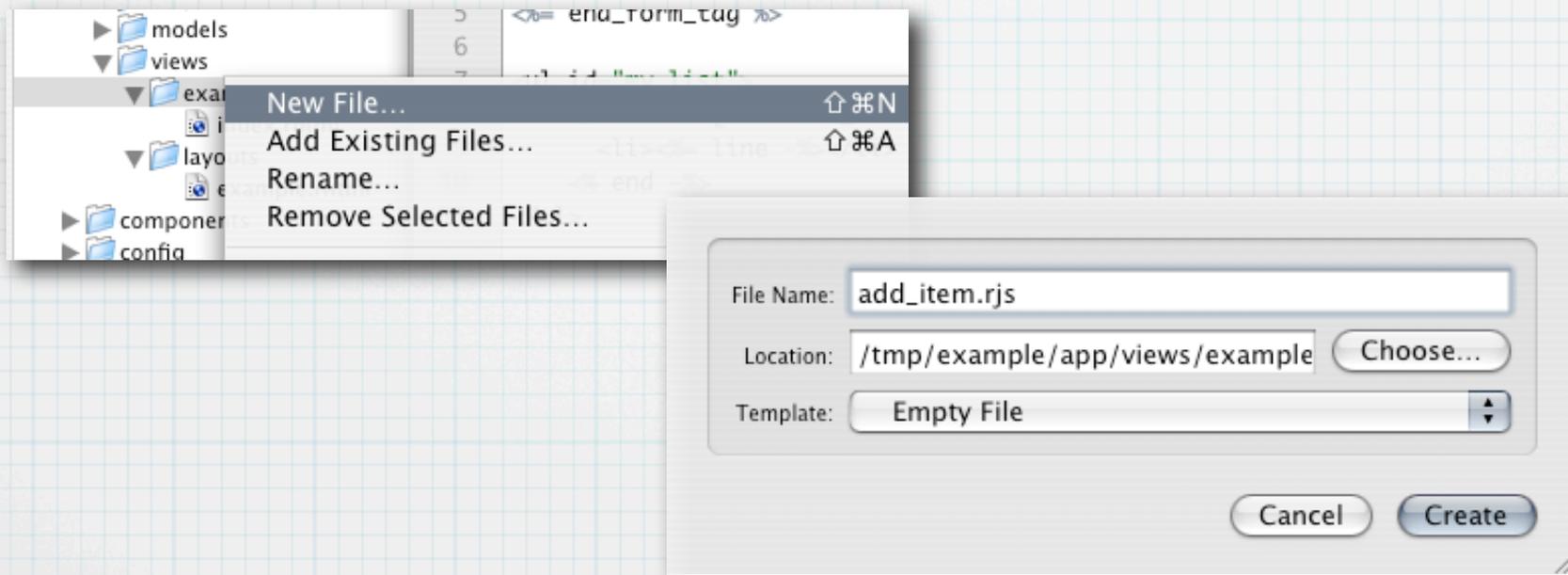
* Change index.rhtml

```
<%= javascript_include_tag :defaults %>
<% form_remote_tag( :update => "my_list", :url => { :action =>
  :add_item }, :position => "top" do ) %>
  <%= text_field_tag :newitem %>
  <%= submit_tag "Add item" %>
<% end %>
```

```
<ul id="my_list">
  <% session[:comment_list].reverse.each do |line| -%>
    <li><%= line -%></li>
  <% end -%>
</ul>
```

Use RJS file

* Create new file "add_item.rjs"



Use RJS file

- * Put in `add_item.rjs`
- * This file is **RUBY** code, not JavaScript
- * It is converted to JavaScript by Rails

```
page.insert_html :top, "my_list", "<li>#{params[:newitem]}</li>"
```

Use RJS file

- * Should behave exactly the same
- * Well, why did we do that??
- * Because we want "Magic"!
- * To get the "Magic", all 's need to be numbered.

Add Magic

- * Add id's to each item

- * Change index.rhtml

```
<%= javascript_include_tag :defaults %>
<% form_remote_tag( :url => { :action => :add_item }, :position =>
"top" ) do %>
  <%= text_field_tag :newitem %>
  <%= submit_tag "Add item" %>
<% end %>
<ul id="my_list">
  <% session[:comment_list].reverse.each_with_index do |line, index| -%>
    <li id='<%= session[:comment_list].length-index -%>'><%=line%></li>
  <% end -%>
</ul>
```

Add Magic

- * Add id's to each item
- * Change add_item.rjs
- * As one line (no returns)

```
page.insert_html :top, "my_list", "<li  
id='#{session[:comment_list].length}'>  
#{params[:newitem]}</li>"
```

Add Magic

- * Add a line to `add_item.rjs`

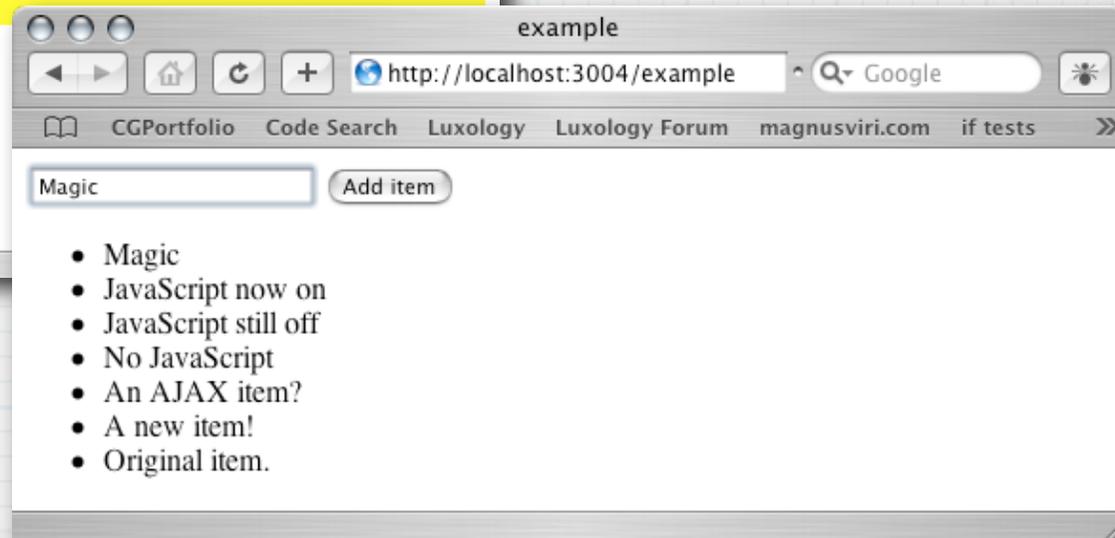
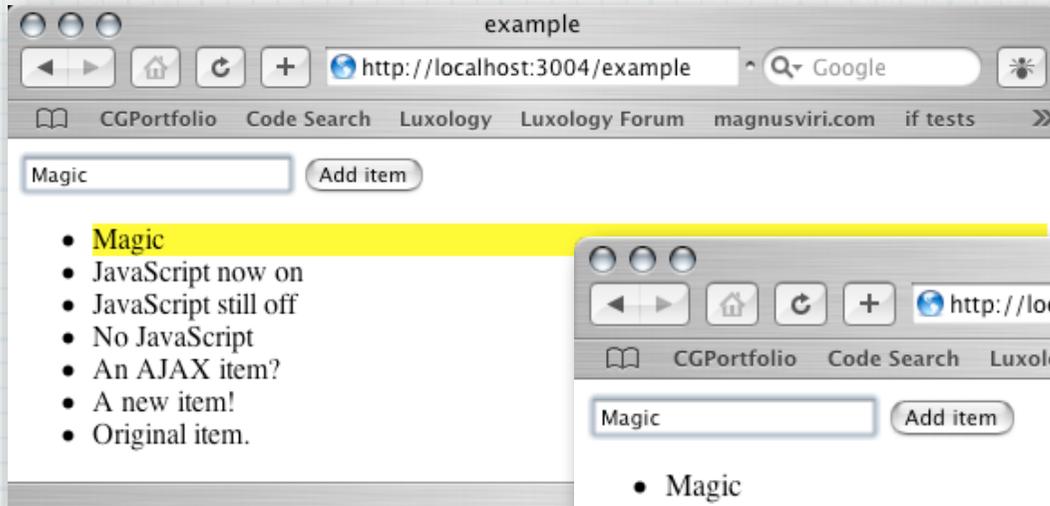
- * ALL AS ONE LINE (no return before `:highlight`)

```
page.insert_html :top, "my_list", "<li id='#{session[:comment_list].length}'>#{params[:newitem]}</li>"
```

```
page[session[:comment_list].length.to_s].visual_effect :highlight, :startcolor => "#ffff00", :endcolor => "#ffffff"
```

Add Magic

* What have we got? Highlighting!



Done!

- * Next class:
 - * Connecting to a database
 - * Using migrations
 - * Scaffold
 - * Model relationships
 - * Using `before_filter`